# **Know Your Client**

Relevant documents required

## **Incorporated and Unincorporated Associations**

This form is used to provide the information we need to verify the Association's identity and to meet our regulatory obligations, including those under Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006, United States Foreign Tax Compliance (FATCA) and Common Reporting Standards (CRS). Complete this form if you are an Association.

We are also committed to compliance with the Privacy Act (1988) and the Australian Privacy Principles in the collection, disclosure and use of personal information. For a copy of our Privacy Policy, please contact us or download the policy from our website.

For a	n incorporated association, please provide the following certified copy of:		
	Either:		
	Constitution or rules, or an extract of the constitution or rules		
	Certificate of incorporation		
	AND		
	An original or certified copy of a unique identifying number issued to the association by the incorporating state, territory or overseas incorporation body		
	For an unincorporated association, please provide the following certified copy of:		
	Constitution or rules, or an extract of the constitution or rules		
Signed minutes of meeting			
	For all <b>beneficial owners</b> , please provide:		
	Know Your Client Form 1 – Individual and provide supporting documents		
1 Δ	ssociations identification requirement		
	•		
	General information name of Association		
luiii	ialle of Association		
1.2 7	Type of Association		
	Incorporated Association Incorporation number		
	Unincorporated Association		



### 1.3 All Associations

Provide the address of the principal place of administration of the Association. If there is no principal place of administration, provide the address of registered office or the address of an office holder of the Association. 1.3.1 Principal Place of administration Address (PO Box is not acceptable) Suburb State Postcode Country For incorporated associations, if complete go to 1.4 1.3.2 Registered Office Address (PO Box is not acceptable) Suburb State Postcode Country For incorporated associations, if complete go to 1.4 1.3.3 Name & residential address of public officer First Name Family Name Position Address (PO Box is not acceptable) Suburb State Postcode Country For incorporated associations, if complete go to 1.4 Complete for all unincorporated associations 1.3.4 Names of Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer (or equivalent officer) First Name Family Name Chairman First Name Family Name Secretary First Name Family Name Treasurer Other Family Name First Name 1.4 Beneficial Ownership Please provide the following details for individual members of the association who control the association or beneficially owns (directly or indirectly) 25% or more of interests of the association. Please complete Know Your Client Form 1 - Individual and provide supporting document for each individual listed in this section. Family name Position Full given name(s)



### 2. Tax information

### What is FATCA and CRS?

FATCA and CRS are two ways in which a large number of governments are seeking the same thing - to improve global tax compliance. Both require financial institutions to capture relevant information on foreign taxpayers, as follows:

- FATCA promotes cross border tax compliance by US taxpayers, by implementing an international standard for the
  automatic exchange of information related to those taxpayers. Australia has entered into an inter-governmental
  agreement (IGA) with the US to implement FATCA in Australia, to be administered through the ATO. The AUS-USA
  FATCA IGA requires the ATO to obtain detailed account information for US citizens and/or taxpayers on an annual basis.
  The effect of this is that, to satisfy their FATCA obligations, relevant Australian financial institutions must identify any US
  taxpayers and report those taxpayers' financial account data to the ATO. The Tax Laws Amendment (Implementation of
  the FATCA Agreement) Act 2014 (Cth) gave domestic legal effect to the obligations by inserting Division 396-A FATCA
  into the Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth).
- CRS is a global reporting standard, developed by the OECD, for the automatic exchange of information (AEOI). Its
  goal is to allow tax authorities to obtain a clearer understanding of financial assets held abroad by their residents, for
  tax purposes. Over 96 countries have agreed to share information on residents' assets and incomes in accordance
  with defined reporting standards. Once again, this means that financial institutions around the globe must provide tax
  authorities with taxpayer financial account data, and the financial institutions must therefore collect this information
  from their customers and pass it on. The Tax Laws Amendment (Implementation of the Common Reporting Standard)
  Act 2016 (Cth) gave domestic legal effect to the obligations by inserting Division 396-C Common Reporting Standard
  into the Taxation Administration Act1953 (Cth).

Please complete section (a) if the Entity is a Financial Institution or section (b) if the Entity is a Non-Financial Entity

Refer to FATCA and CRS definitions document on uethical.com

#### 2.1 Tax Status

	(a) Financial Institution		
	Please select the Financial Institution's status from one of the options below:		
	(i) Depository Institution		
	(ii) Specific Insurance Company		
	(iii) Custodial Institution		
	(iv) An Investment Entity located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction and managed by another Financial Institution (complete 2.3)		
	Provide the entity's Global Intermediary Identification Number (GIIN), if applicable		
	If the entity is a Financial Institution but does not have a GIIN, select one of the following FATCA statuses:		
	A Financial Institution resident in Australia e.g., Australian Regulated Trust (such as a registered managed investment scheme or complying superannuation fund)		
	A Financial Institution resident in the US  A Non-Reporting Financial Institution resident in Australia, Non-Reporting IGA FI or Deemed compliant FFI		
	A Financial Institution resident in a Partner Jurisdiction or a Participating Foreign Financial Institution (FFI) that has a Global Intermediary Identification Number (GIIN) (please provide GIIN):		
	Non-participating Foreign Financial Institution		
	An Exempt Beneficial Owner (please provide details):		
	An FI that has applied for a GIIN but that has not yet been issued with the GIIN		
	Other (please specify entity's FATCA status):		



## (b) Non-Financial Institution

## Please select the Non-Financial Entity's (NFE) status from one of the options below:

(i) Active NFE – a corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on an established securities market, or a corporation which is a related entity of such a corporation					
Name of securities market					
Name of related entity (if applicable)					
(ii) Active NFE – government entity, central bank or international organisation  (iii) Active NFE – other – entities operating an active trade or business that is not described above					
Passive NFE Trust - A trust that has a non-resident trustee, beneficiary or settlor (complete section 2.3)					
Passive NFE Company – A proprietary or unlisted public company where 25 per cent or more of the beneficial owners are non-residents for tax purposes (complete section 2.3)					
Passive NFE Other Entities – Any other passive non-financial entity for where a non-resident for tax purposes exercises control by way of determining decisions about financial and operating policy) (complete section 2.3					
(v) Charitable organisation registered in Australia with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profit Commission (ACNC)  Provide ABN					
(vi) US Company - A company created or established under the laws of the US or that is a US taxpayer					
Provide your US TIN					
(vii) US Trust – A trust that is subject to the laws of the US and is controlled by one or more persons that are US					
citizens or US residents					
Provide your US TIN					
2.2 Tax Residence Are you a resident of Australia for income tax purposes?  Yes No					
If yes, please provide your tax file number					
Is the entity also a tax resident of another country?					
If the entity is a tax resident of another country, please provide details of all countries, other than Australia, in which the entity is tax resident (note that certain countries, including the US, treat all citizens as residents for tax purposes):					
Countries of tax residency  Tax Identification Number (TIN)  If no TIN, provide a reason A,B or C (see below)					
2.					
3.					
Reason A - The country/jurisdiction of tax residency does not issue TINs to its tax residents					
Reason B – Unable to obtain a TIN or equivalent (Please provide explanation)					
<b>Reason C</b> – No TIN is required. (i.e., the domestic law of the relevant jurisdiction does not require the collection of TINs).					
If the entity is not a tax resident of any country, please provide details and place of effective management					
Reason for no tax residency					
Place of effective management					



### 2.3 Controlling Persons

You must complete this section if you ticked Part 2.1(a)(iv) or 2.1(b)(iv) or if you are:

- An investment entity located in a Non-Participating jurisdiction and managed by another Financial Institution
- A passive Non-Financial Entity (NFE)

Controlling Persons per entity type are as follows:

Controlling Persons				
All beneficiaries, trustees, settlors, protectors and any other natural person (or persons) exercising ultimate effective control over the trust e.g. appointer. Note: If any party is a company, then please refer to the definition of Controlling Persons in point (2) below.				
All beneficial owners i.e. individuals that control the company or own (directly/indirectly) 25% or more of the company's issued share capital.				
If no natural person meets the threshold, the Controlling Person will be the natural person who holds the position of senior managing official for the entity.				
All partners of a partnership				
All governing members				
Are any of the entity's Controlling Persons a tax resident of any country outside Australia for income tax purposes?  Yes No Solution No S				

## 3. Politically Exposed Person (PEP)

A "politically exposed person" (PEP) is an individual who holds a prominent public position or function in a government body or international organisation, both within and outside Australia. This definition also extends to their immediate family members or close associates.

Please provide the name of anyone that is named in this Form as a PEP or is an immediate family member or close			
associate of a PEP.			



## 4. Declaration

- I/We certify that the countries of foreign tax residence provided in this form, represent all foreign countries in which I/We am/are considered tax resident.
- I/We acknowledge and agree that information contained in this form and information regarding any reportable account(s) may be provided to the ATO, and they may exchange this information with the country or countries in which I/We am/are resident for tax purposes.
- I/We undertake to advise U Ethical promptly of any change in circumstance which causes the information contained in this form to become incorrect, and to provide a suitably updated Certification within 30 days.
- I/We certify that I/We am/are the or a joint Account Holder(s) or authorised to sign for all the account(s) to which this form relates.
- I/We agree to the collection, disclosure and use of information as contemplated in the Privacy Policy from www.uethical.com/privacy-statement.
- I/We declare that all statements made in this declaration are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and complete.

Signature	Signature
Full Name	Full Name
Position	Position
Date DD / MM / YYYY	Date DD / MM / YYYY

